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*****
*           BANKER USER'S MANUAL           *
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*
*                               <C> 1985 BY *
*
*                               J & R ELECTRONICS *
*                               P.O. BOX 2572 *
*                               COLUMBIA, MD 21045 *
*
*                               HOURS ( Eastern Time Zone ) : *
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*                               SATURDAY Noon - 5 P.M *
*                               PHONE: *
*                               301-987-9067 *
*                               301-788-0861 *
*
*****

```

Schematic

Page/Bank Confusion

Ado Conflicts

Start w/ Sintel open?

BANKER USER MANUAL

<C> 1985 by

J&R ELECTRONICS
P.O. Box 2572
Columbia, Md. 21045

PREFACE

Welcome to the world of J&R Electronics. We would like to thank you for choosing our product. The following is a brief look at J&R and some of our policies.

J&R products are designed, assembled and tested by Jesse Jackson and Raymond Rowe, who are and have been dedicated CoCo nuts since day one when the CoCo was a 4K machine selling for approximately \$350.00. Both are presently or have been co-authors of the Dr. ASCII column as well as having published articles of their own.

It is our policy to fully support our products in the future with product updates, new software availability, and new products. All this will be directed to our "Banker" customers first; by special mailing.

DISCLAIMER

J & R Electronics assumes no responsibility for any damages caused by the buyer during assembly, installation or use of the Banker. J & R Electronics will not be liable for damages, direct or consequential, general or special, nominal or exemplary, resulting from use of any products or documentations supplied by J & R Electronics.

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 The "BANKER"

The "BANKER" is a memory expansion board for the Radio Shack COLOR COMPUTER. When your computer has the "BANKER" installed, it will appear to be a 64K computer until it is programmed for expanded memory operation.

"BANKER II" is a 512K memory expansion board that can support 256K or 512K of expansion memory. Its predecessor, "BANKER I" supports only 256K. All versions of the software support both units at the 256K level. The two will hereafter be referred to simply as the "BANKER".

The "BANKER" works with COLOR BASIC, EXTENDED BASIC, DISK EXTENDED BASIC, JDOS, ADDS, and WORDPAK, CASSETTE or DISK systems. The board was designed to be compatible with ALL hardware such as WORDPAK, PC pak, and MULTI-PAK.

A simple single-pole single throw switch can be added to force the "BANKER" to be absolutely compatible with any 64K software or hardware configuration. When installed properly, this switch may be toggled to either position with computer power on without harming the "BANKER" or the computer.

1.2 The "BANKER" and RESET condition

The "BANKER" has a power-on reset circuit that causes the bank latches to be programmed for CPU and VDG bank 0 when the computer is turned on. When the computer is RESET manually or by software, the "BANKER" will remain in the CPU and VDG bank it was programmed for before RESET. Closing the 64K compatibility switch (optional equipment), will reset the "BANKER" to CPU and VDG bank 0.

*** NOTICE : ***

The 256K memory chips have a long retention of data after power is off. When powering down, wait 30 seconds or more before powering back up. A recommended software power down and back up is:

POKE &H71,0 ' cold start BYTE 113,0
POKE &H72,0 ' cold start LOC 114,0
Press the RESET button *not slw*

1.3 Convention

Several conventions are used throughout the documentation. A BANK is any part of a contiguous memory segment of 64K bytes. A PAGE is a contiguous memory segment of 32K bytes in length. There are two PAGES per BANK of the expansion memory. The maximum number of banks available is found by dividing the total memory by 64K. For example, in a 256K system, there are four banks ($256k / 64k = 4$). The maximum number of pages is twice the number of banks. Banks and pages are numbered starting with zero.

The prefix symbol "\$" denotes a hexadecimal number and is synonymous with the BASIC prefix "&H". They will be used throughout the manual interchangeably.

The bank prefix symbol ">" will denote an upper 32K page of a bank with address range from \$8000 to \$FEFF. The bank prefix symbol "<" will denote the lower 32K page of that bank with address range \$0000 to \$7FFF. The bank prefix symbol "#" will denote the whole bank with address range \$0000 to \$FEFF. For example, <0 references the lower 32K of bank 0.

1.4 Cautions

Many of the programs supplied make extensive use of the expansion memory available. Most of these programs may be customized by you. Care should be taken when using the BANKRDSK, BANKRSPL, and PCOPYMOR programs simultaneously, if they are not configured properly, their storage area may overlap and yield unpredictable results. Consult the ADVANCED USER INFORMATION section for details on memory use.

Many 64K programs blindly copy ROM to RAM, this would inactivate the RAM DISK, PCOPYMOR, and any other 64K programs until you LOADM and EXEC them again.

Programs that use the assembly language instruction, CLR \$FFD0, instead of STA \$FFD0, re-program the "BANKER". This can happen when programming the SAM display offset or MAP type, and is usually easy to find and fix (see the CLRFIX utility program in the SOFTWARE section). The 64K compatibility switch will overcome this problem, but must be switched OFF to use the extra 64K banks provided by the memory expansion.

1.5 Upgrade policy

We value your patronage, we intend to offer generous upgrade allowances to our customers. To qualify, you MUST complete the registration form enclosed in this manual and return it to us within thirty days from the purchase date. Send us a self-addressed stamped envelope and we'll notify you of upgrades. MOST upgrades require only that you pay a nominal fee plus \$3.00 shipping & handling, you must include the original SOFTWARE PAC diskette/tape when you upgrade.

1.6 Future

We're dedicated to expanding the COCO in every direction possible. We would appreciate hearing what products you would like J & R to offer. We intend to offer reasonably priced software for the "BANKER", and products for the COCO in general.

2.0 SOFTWARE DESCRIPTION

2.1 BANKRDISK - (a.k.a the "ramdisk")

NOTE: BANKRDISK and RAMDISK will be use interchangeably throughout the manual in reference to this program.

The 35/40 TRACK RAM DISK program! It patches into your disk system to emulate a FAST disk drive. All DISK EXTENDED BASIC commands are functional on the ramdisk except DSKINI. If you BACKUP from BASIC or LOAD DRIVE from the menu, there is no need to INITIALIZE from the menu. If you want a "freshly formatted ramdisk, then use the INITIALIZE option in the menu. INITIALIZE is the equivalent of DSKINI for the ramdisk.

RAMDISK A, RAMDISK B, or both may be used by 512k versions of the "BANKER". Only RAMDISK A may be used with 256k versions. Ramdisk A uses banks 0-3, Ramdisk B uses bank 0, 4-7.

2.1.0 Menu Options

(Use the <BREAK> key to return to the menu.)

2.1.0.0 TOGGLE DRIVE (512K version)

512K versions are capable of having two RAM DISKS, DRIVE A and DRIVE B. This option switches to the opposite drive each time it is selected.

2.1.0.1 SET DRIVE

This assigns the RAM DISK a drive number between 0 and 3 (0 and 2 for JDOS). If you have drives 0 and 1, you may want to assign the RAM DISK as drive 2 or 3. If you have a program that uses drive 0 a lot, you may want to assign it as drive 0 to speed up the program. SET DRIVE will not modify the contents of the RAM DISK, it's like swapping a disk between drives.

2.1.0.2 SET TRACKS

This configures the RAM DISK for 35 or 40 tracks. RADIO SHACK DISK EXTENDED BASIC users should use 35 tracks, JDOS or ADDS users may need to set for 40 track mode.

2.1.0.3 INITIALIZE

This is the DSKINI equivalent for the RAM DISK, it fills the RAM DISK with &HFF's, like a freshly formatted disk. See the CUSTOMIZING section for details on the fast initialization option.

2.1.0.4 LOAD DRIVE

This option permits you to transfer a disk from a real drive into the RAM DISK. You may load from any drive into the RAM DISK, (i.e. load drive = 0, RAM DISK = 0 is valid option).

2.1.0.5 REMOVE

This option does not modify the contents of the RAM DISK, only removes it from the system, gracefully. Use this to free up the memory occupied by the RAMDISK without powering down the computer.

2.1.0.6 QUIT

Exits the RAMDISK menu and returns to BASIC.

2.1.1 As supplied

This program as supplied on your SOFTWARE PAC is configured for:

PDEST = \$FD00 , MAXBNK = 3 (256K) .

See the CUSTOMIZING section for information on customizing this program for your particular system.

2.2 S.XXX

This is a BASIC program that replaces a file by the same name on the TELEWRITER-64 disk, speeding up the DISK I/O and/or providing the convenience of an additional drive. This program requires the program "BANKRDSK.BIN" to be on the TELEWRITER-64 disk .

You must modify the variable, P6 , in the file named "U/BAS" on the TELEWRITER disk. Line number 12 should contain P6, change it from 56320 to 55808. Note that programs S/BIN and S/ASC have a variable in line # 2 called MX. This sets the MaX drive number you can use, you may want to change this to assign the RAM DRIVE an unused drive number.

IMPORTANT: Be careful about answering "Yes" to the prompt "LOAD RAM DISK?". "BANKRDSK/BIN" loads at &H6FF0 for preparation, and transfers to permanent memory at &HFD00 after set-up. If you have been editing text, LOADING "BANKRDSK/BIN" may overwrite it!

It is best to LOAD the RAM DISK when you first come up in TELEWRITER, otherwise, you should SAVE your work, then LOAD the RAM DISK so that no text is lost if the buffer is overwritten.

2.3 PCOPYMOR

This program patches RADIO SHACK EXTENDED BASIC to allow extra pages of graphics from BASIC using the PCOPY command! For instance, you could enter the line

PCOPY 1 TO 125

to copy a graphics page from page 1 to "BANKER" page 125. The table below shows how much extra graphics you can get with the "BANKER".

EXTENDED COLOR BASIC :		BANKER SCREENS (see note *) :	
PMODE :	PAGES :	SCREENS :	256k : 512k :
0	1	8	134 (126 added) : 302 (294 added) :
1	2	4	67 (63 added) : 151 (147 added) :
2	2	4	67 (63 added) : 151 (147 added) :
3	4	2	32 (30 added) : 75 (73 added) :
4	4	2	32 (30 added) : 75 (73 added) :

* NOTE - these are max added pages, "stock" program may differ. *

2.3.1 As supplied

This program as supplied on your SOFTWARE PAC is configured for:

PDEST = \$F800 , MAXBNK = 3 (256K) , PGPBNK = 40 (128 PAGES).

See the CUSTOMIZING section for information on customizing this program for your particular system.

2.4 PCOPYDEM

A BASIC program which loads ten PMODE 4 pictures (6144 bytes per picture, total 61,440 bytes) into "BANKER'S" memory. These pictures are then PCOPY'd down one at a time into a PMODE 4,1 screen for display.

This demonstrates how an educational or adventure program written in BASIC could use the extra pages for faster animation. Once the "BANKER's" expansion memory is loaded with extra pages of graphics, you can use PCOPY commands to move them back and forth in the expansion memory quickly, without accessing the disk or using slow draw commands again!

2.5 BANKRSPL - (a.k.a the "spooler")

This is a machine language SPOOLER program that stores printer data into a sizeable buffer, using interrupts to print buffered data while you're using the computer for other tasks! BANKRSPL/BIN may be customized to utilize available contiguous segments of memory in each bank.

NOTE: BANKRSPL and SPOOLER will be use interchangeably throughout the manual in reference to this program.

The spooler will work with parallel printer drivers and other software that use the standard output routines, provided their driver is installed prior to EXEC'ing BANKRSPL. Programs that modify the interrupt vectors or condition code of IRQ may disable the spooler.

The "stock" version supplied on the SOFTWARE PAC is configured to give over 30K of printer buffer when used with the RAM DISK (BANKRDSK) in 35 track mode.

A SPEED feature has been added to improve computer response at baud rates less than 1200 baud. A SPEED of zero is the fastest, the SPOOLER will check the printer busy line every interrupt period (16.67ms), and output a character from the buffer if the printer is ready. A value of 255 is the slowest, checking the printer busy line only once in 255 interrupt periods (255 * 16.67ms), and outputting a character if the printer is ready.

2.5.1 SPOOLER CONTROL CODES

The spooler has several features that are controlled by codes passed via the keyboard or BASIC PRINT statements. The format is :

PRINT CHR\$(CODE) ' SPOOLER CONTROL CODE
; where CODE is one of the values listed below.

```
*****  
CODE      ACTION  
*****
```

- 1 RESET - RESETS the spooler to initial state. Any data in the buffer will be lost.
- 2 ON - re-activates the spooler, printed data will be stored in the buffer immediately after the last data received before an "OFF" code.
- 3 OFF - de-activates the spooler, printed data will not be stored in the buffer. Data in the buffer is preserved intact.
- 4 KILL - removes the spooler from the system, gracefully.
- 5 COPY - COPY the buffer contents by the value of NUMCOPY. If more than one copy is desired, NUMCOPY should be POKE'd before this command. After completion, NUMCOPY will be reset to one.
 *** Use the COPY code after the text to be copied is printed in full.
- 6 SILENT- This code is a "toggle". If output is being sent to the printer, it will cease to be sent until the next SILENT toggle code is received. Input data to be printed will be stored in the spooler's buffer, regardless of the state of the SILENT flag.

2.5.1.1 COPY & SILENCE COMMAND EXAMPLE

```
LOADM"BANKRSPL":EXEC  
PRINT CHR$(6)'SILENCE PRINTER  
PRINT #-2,"PRINT TO THE BUFFER"  
PRINT CHR$(6)'UNSILENCE PRINTER  
..... WAIT FOR PRINTER TO FINISH .....  
POKE &HFA02,3' SET NUMCOPY TO 3  
PRINT CHR$(5);' SEND COPY COMMAND
```

Three copies of the buffer will be made.

See the CUSTOMIZING section for information on customizing the SPOOLER for your particular application.

2.6 BANKCOPY/BIN

A machine language utility program that copies ROM to RAM in all upper 32K banks. The "OK" prompt is modified to reflect which upper bank is active.

LOADM"BANKCOPY"
EXEC

Your basic prompt should now be ">0", this means the upper bank is bank #0.

ZZ = PEEK(&HFFC9)

Your basic prompt should now be ">1", this means the upper bank is bank #1. This demonstrates switching upper 32K banks while keeping the lower 32K bank always bank <0. Switching whole banks such as;

page ZZ = PEEK(&HFFC1) ~~ZZ = PEEK(&HFFC1)~~
would "crash" the computer because this switches to >0 and <0, the latter has not been initialized for BASIC to use.

You could use this program to store data or machine language programs in unused areas of the upper 32K in EACH BANK. For instance, a screen dump program in BANK 0 at &HE000, a monitor/debugger in BANK 1 at &E000, etc.

BANKCOPY lets you switch upper banks of 32K with the following commands:

ZZ = PEEK(&HFFC8) ' BANK >0
ZZ = PEEK(&HFFC9) ' BANK >1
ZZ = PEEK(&HFFCA) ' BANK >2
ZZ = PEEK(&HFFCB) ' BANK >3

2.7 BANKCOPY/TXT

This is the source code for BANKCOPY, to demonstrate how the "BANKER" is programmed in assembly language.

2.8 BANKERBAK

A single swap ,multiple drive, multiple copy, fast backup utility program. This program copies an entire 35/40 track diskette into the "BANKER" memory. Multiple copies may then be backed up from memory to multiple drives without re-inserting the source diskette!

**** WRITE PROTECT YOUR BACKedUP SOURCE DISKETTE ****
**** DON'T USE the FBAK option ****
**** ~~if you DON'T HAVE RSDOS 1.0 or 1.1 !~~ *without* ****

CLEAR 200,&H6FEF 'MUST USE WITH "FBAK" VERSION
LOADM"BANKRBAK"
EXEC

You will be prompted for inserting source/destination diskettes. Use the <BREAK> key to bypass selections.

2.8.1 As supplied

This program as supplied on your SOFTWARE PAC is configured for:

PDEST = \$FD00 , MAXBNK = 3 (256K) , MAXTRK = 34 (35 tracks) ,
LDRIV = 0 (LOAD DRIVE) and COPY DRIVES 0 and 1.

A customizing option will enable use with 40 track drives and copies to be made on single or multiple drives . IF you have Radio Shack DISK EXTENDED BASIC Version 1.0 or 1.1, unformatted diskettes will be DSKINI'd if the FBAK option is on.

See the CUSTOMIZING section for information on customizing this program for your particular system.

2.9 BANKRPAG

A BASIC program which programs the SAM and the "BANKER" for viewing any area of the expansion memory in any GRAPHICS or TEXT display. Run this program after using BANKRBAK or BANKRDSK to see what was on the disk , or after using the spooler to view text in the buffer !

2.10 CLRFIX

This is a utility program that changes machine language CLEAR op-codes , having operands in the range \$FFC0 to \$FFDF , to STA op-codes. The program fixes the CLEAR incompatibility , searching by filename (fastest method) or by track/sector range. Read the comments in the remarks of the program for information on specific program fixes.

The program also has a feature to disable the ROM to RAM routines used in 64K programs. Use this on 64K programs that you can't intervene to load the RAMDISK or SPOOLER. Run the CLRFIX program on a BACKUP copy of the 64K program. Load and activate the RAMDISK or SPOOLER, then load and activate the fixed 64K program.

An extra feature of this program is the ability to find and display machine language file addresses for you.

2.11 RAMDSKUT

This is a utility sub-routine that allows the user to change the Ramdisk's drive number, number of tracks, or load the Ramdisk from any drive. This routine should be used only when the Ramdisk has been activated. It uses less memory than the alternative of LOADM'ing BANKRDSK again to make the changes.

2.12 PAGER/BIN

This program configures the Banker's ram for multiple pages of 32K, effectively multiple 32K Color Computers. Any programs in memory when this program is EXEC'd will be copied to all pages. A command , PAGE N , is added to BASIC for switching pages in direct mode or from within a program. Data can be transferred between banks or pages of ram with the PPOKE and PPEEK commands.

COMMANDS ADDED:

PAGE <N> : Switch or identify page.
PPOKE PAGE,ADDRESS,DATA : Page poke DATA to ADDRESS in PAGE.
PPEEK PAGE,ADDRESS,DATA : Page peek DATA at ADDRESS in PAGE.

The command PAGE alone, will print the current page number. The command PAGE N, where N is a valid page number , will switch to the page given by N.

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To get the idea of chaining programs, enter these lines:

```
10 PDEST = &H7800 ' PAGER DEST ADDRESS
20 MAXBNK = PEEK(PDEST+2) ' MAXIMUM BANK #
30 PRINT"THIS IS PAGE #";
40 PAGID = PEEK(PDEST+6) ' PAGE #
50 PRINT PAGID
50 FOR I = 0 TO 500:NEXT
60 IF PAGID < MAXBNK THEN PAGID = PAGID +1 ELSE PAGID = 0
70 PRINT"SWITCHING TO PAGE #";PAGID
80 FOR I = 0 TO 500:NEXT
90 PAGE P 'Leave a space after the P'
100 GOTO10
LOADM"PAGER":EXEC:RUN
```

The PAGER will work as multiple pages of 64K, this action is automatic if you run any 64K program while PAGER is activated (BANKCOPY, for example).

CAUTION: A 64K program may write over the PAGER program, causing it to deactivate or crash. Because PAGER adds BASIC commands, using available tokens, it may not be compatible with some enhancement DOS's or other programs that add tokenized BASIC commands.

2.13 PAGER/TXT

This is the SOURCE code for PAGER/BIN. It provides proven routines for programming the "BANKER" as banks of 64k or pages of 32k.

2.14 OS9BTFIX

A BASIC program that fixes the OS9 BOOT to cure an incompatibility with the "BANKER". You must use this program on your BACKedUP bootable OS9 diskettes to utilize OS9 RAMDISK.

2.15 OS9 RAMDISK

This is a separate OS9 format (35 track) diskette containing install files, documentation , the OS9 RAMDISK program, and SOURCE CODE. You must have "booted-up" into the OS9 operating system to use this diskette. Place this diskette in /D1 and use the INSTALL.35, INSTALL.40SS, or INSTALL.40DS procedure to copy the appropriate programs from the diskette to a BACKedUP copy of your SYSTEM DISKETTE in /D0. List the "readme" file on the diskette, using OS9's list command, for further information.

3.0 CUSTOMIZING THE SOFTWARE

The programs on the SOFTWARE PAC support TAPE or DISK systems and 256K or 512k memory versions. Most are configured for 256K disk systems, and will need simple changes. These will be covered in the examples given below.

There is no difference in the TAPE and DISK versions of the SOFTWARE PAC. All programs on tape may be transferred to disk. Some BASIC programs have a variable named TD to identify Tape or Disk system. Read the remarks in the BASIC program and modify this variable according to whether you have a TAPE or DISK system.

Most of the machine language programs provided on your SOFTWARE PAC can be customized for your system. Section 5.0 ADVANCED USER INFORMATION, provides information on customizing locations in programs that may be customized.

The following examples of user customization will help you configure these programs for your system.

*** NOTE : USE A BACKedUP COPY OF THE PROGRAM WHEN CUSTOMIZING ***

3.1 BANKRDSK - RAMDISK CUSTOMIZATION

The following locations may be useful if you desire to customize a ramdisk. The program loads at &H6FF0, and relocates itself to PDEST (&HFD00) when EXEC'd.

```
LOAD &H6FF0 ,END &H7AFF ,EXEC &H6FF0
```

3.1.1 RAMDISK B option (512k versions only)

```
LOADM"BANKRDSK"
POKE &H7008,7 ' MAXBNK = 7
SAVEM"BANKRDSK",&H6FF0,&H7AFF,&H6FF0
```

3.1.2 Fast Initialization option (clears directory track only)

```
LOADM"BANKRDSK"
POKE &H6FF3,255 ' FSTINI 0=off 255=on
SAVEM"BANKRDSK",&H6FF0,&H7AFF,&H6FF0
```

3.1.3 AUTO Initialization (INITIALIZE , bypass menu options)

```
LOADM"BANKRDSK"
POKE &H6FF4,255 ' AUTO mode enable
POKE &H6FF5,255 ' AUTO init on
SAVEM"BANKRDSK",&H6FF0,&H7AFF,&H6FF0
```

3.1.4 AUTO LOAD option (LOAD from drive , bypass menu options)

```
LOADM"BANKRDSK"
POKE &H6FF4,255 ' AUTO mode enable
POKE &H6FF6,0 ' LOAD RAMDISK A from drive 0
POKE &H6FF7,1 ' LOAD RAMDISK B from drive 1
POKE &H700F,0 ' RAMDISK A = DRIVE #0
POKE &H7010,34 ' RAMDISK A = 35 TRACK
POKE &H7014,1 ' RAMDISK B = DRIVE #1
POKE &H7015,39 ' RAMDISK A = 40 TRACK
SAVEM"BANKRDSK",&H6FF0,&H7AFF,&H6FF0
```

3.1.5 RELOCATE option

```
LOADM"BANKRDSK"  
POKE &H7003,&HE0 ' PDEST = &H7003 & 7004  
POKE &H7004,&H00 ' MOVE TO $E000-$E0FF  
SAVEM"BANKRDSK",&H6FF0,&H7AFF,&H6FF0
```

3.2 BANKCOPY CUSTOMIZATION

The customization for this program is one poke for 256K or 512k versions. The source code is included on the SOFTWARE PAC.

3.2.1 Memory size option

```
LOADM"BANKCOPY"  
POKE &H0E02,3 ' 3=256K 7=512K  
SAVEM"BANKCOPY",&H0E00,&H0E5F,&H0E00
```

3.3 BANKRBAK CUSTOMIZATION

The following locations may be useful if you desire to customize this program. The program loads at &H6FF0, and relocates itself to PDEST (&HFD00) when EXEC'd.

```
LOAD &H6FF0 ,END &H76FF ,EXEC &H6FF0
```

3.3.1 40 TRACK option

```
LOADM"BANKRBAK"  
POKE &H7006,39 ' 40 TRACKS  
SAVEM"BANKRBAK",&H6FF0,&H76FF,&H6FF0
```

3.3.2 LOAD (SOURCE) DRIVE option

```
LOADM"BANKRBAK"  
POKE &H700B,1 ' LOAD DRIVE = 1  
SAVEM"BANKRBAK",&H6FF0,&H76FF,&H6FF0
```

3.3.3 Multiple drive copy option

```
LOADM"BANKRBAK"  
POKE &H7009,255' DRIVE 0 COPY = ON  
POKE &H700A,255' DRIVE 1 COPY = ON  
POKE &H700B,255' DRIVE 2 COPY = ON  
POKE &H700C,0 ' DRIVE 3 COPY = OFF  
SAVEM"BANKRBAK",&H6FF0,&H76FF,&H6FF0
```

3.3.4 FORMAT with BACKUP option (USE WITH RSDOS 1.0/1.1 ONLY!)

```
LOADM"BANKRBAK"  
POKE &H6FF5,255' FBAK 0=OFF 255=ON  
SAVEM"BANKRBAK",&H6FF0,&H76FF,&H6FF0
```

**** WITH THIS OPTION, USE THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURE

```
CLEAR 200,&H6FEF ' MOVE STACK UNDER BANKRBAK  
LOADM"BANKRBAK"  
EXEC
```

3.4 BANKTEST CUSTOMIZATION

The BANKTEST program may be customized for testing smaller areas of memory, or different patterns, such as rotating bit patterns. An example of a BASIC program to perform a rotating bit test on addresses \$0E00 to \$0EFF in bank 6 is given below.

```

10 LOADM"BANKTEST"
20 POKE &H700B,6' BANK TO TEST
30 POKE &H7B13,0' TEST LOW MEMORY
40 POKE &H7B14,&H0E:POKE &H7B15,&H00' BEGL ADDR
50 POKE &H7B16,&H0E:POKE &H7B17,&HFF' ENDL ADDR
60 P = 1 ' FIRST BIT
70 FOR B = 0 TO 7 ' BITS TO CHECK
80 POKE &H7B1C,P ' PUT PATTERN
90 EXEC &H7B00 ' RUN TEST
100 IF PEEK (&H7B0C) = 0 THEN GOSUB 150' ERROR?
110 P = P * 2' POWERS OF TWO, NEXT BIT
120 NEXT B ' CHECK BITS 0-7
130 PRINT" TEST COMPLETE "
140 END *****
150 BAD = PEEK(&H7B0D)*256 + PEEK(&H7B0E) ' FAIL ADDR
160 SAVDAT = PEEK(&H7B1D) ' ORIGINAL DATA READ
170 BDATA = PEEK(&H7B1E) ' BAD READ DATA
180 PRINT "ERROR AT ADDRESS ";HEX$(BAD)"/";BAD
190 PRINT " DATA ";HEX$(SAVDAT)"/";SAVDAT
200 PRINT " WRITE ";HEX$(P)"/";P
210 PRINT " READ ";HEX$(BAD)"/";BAD
220 RETURN *****

```

*POKE &H 7B47,0
after loading to
Kril Scouting
Screen*

3.5 BANKRSPL - SPOOLER CUSTOMIZATION

The following locations may be useful if you desire to customize a spooler. The program loads at &H6FF0, and relocates itself to PDEST (&HFA00) through \$FCFF when EXEC'd.

```
LOAD &H6FF0 ,END &H76FF ,EXEC &H6FF0
```

3.5.1 200K buffer in DISK SYSTEM (DOS 1.0):

We won't be using the RAM DISK, so the spooler can be moved to the end of ram in bank 0. Changing PDEST from &HFA00 to &HFC00 will re-locate the program to &HFC00 when it EXEC's. Note that this affects the COPY POKE, NUMCPY will now be &HFC02 (PDEST+2).

DISK BASIC 1.0 ends at &HD7FF, so we can use from &HD800 to &HFBFF in BANK 0 for our buffer. All of BANKS 1,2, and 3 may be used, except the area that the spooler driver program occupies (\$FC00 to \$FEFF), the buffer addresses are &H0000 to &FBFF. Here are the steps:

```
LOADM"BANKRSPL"
POKE &H7006,&HFC:POKE &H7007,00' PDEST CHANGE
POKE &H702C,&HFB:POKE &H702D,&HFF' ENDO ADDRESS
POKE &H702E,&HDB:POKE &H702F,&H00' BEGO ADDRESS
POKE &H7030,&HFB:POKE &H7031,&HFF' END1 ADDRESS
POKE &H7032,&H00:POKE &H7033,&H00' BEG1 ADDRESS
POKE &H7034,&HFB:POKE &H7035,&HFF' END2 ADDRESS
POKE &H7036,&H00:POKE &H7037,&H00' BEG2 ADDRESS
POKE &H7038,&HFB:POKE &H7039,&HFF' END3 ADDRESS
POKE &H703A,&H00:POKE &H703B,&H00' BEG3 ADDRESS
SAVEM"SPL200K",&H6FF0,&H76FF,&H6FF0' CUSTOM FILE
```

3.5.2 SPEED option

If you're using less than 1200 BAUD for your printer, you may find the SPOOLER doesn't appear to be working. That's because the software "bit-banger" is spending nearly 16 milliseconds sending the character to the printer. One interrupt interval is 16.67 milliseconds, that's how often the spooler tries to send a character. As you can see, little time is left to do anything other than send data to the printer. The speed option multiplies the interrupt interval that the spooler checks the printer, making time available for other processing.

```
LOADM"BANKRSPL"
POKE &H7021,10' 10 * 16.67ms = 167ms intervals
SAVEM"BANKRSPL",&H6FF0,&H76FF,&H6FF0
```

3.6 PAGER CUSTOMIZATION

The customization for this program is a poke for 256K or 512k versions or a poke for re-location of the driver in the lower 32K . The source code is included on the SOFTWARE PAC.

3.6.1 Memory size option

```
LOADM"PAGER"
POKE &H1247,7 ' 3=256K 7=512K
SAVEM"PAGER",&H0E00,&H13BF,&H0E00
```

3.6.2 Relocation option

This is an example of re-locating the PAGER so it resides at \$0E00-\$0FFF. Note that it had to be offset loaded and saved because the installation code is normally loaded from \$0E00 to \$13BF.

```
CLEAR 200,&H6DFF ' MOVE STACK DOWN
LOADM"PAGER",&H6000' LOAD IT HIGHER
POKE &H6E02,&H0E:POKE &H6E03,&H00 ' $0E00
SAVEM"PAGER/LOW",&H6E00,&H73BF,&H6E00
```


3.7 PCOPYMOR CUSTOMIZATION

This program may be customized for the number of pages per bank, re-location (upper 32K), and maximum bank number to use (1 thru 7).

3.7.1 Memory size option

```
LOADM"PCOPYMOR"  
POKE &H7006,7 ' 3=256K 7=512K  
SAVEM"PCOPYMOR",&H6FF0,&H74FF,&H6FF0
```

3.7.2 Maximizing PCOPY & Relocation option

This is an example of maximizing the number of pages per bank, which requires re-locating the PCOPYMOR so it resides at the end of memory.

The driver is just under 256 bytes, we can use \$0000-\$FDFF in banks 1-7. Pages are \$0600 bytes in size, so 42 pages will fit, ending at \$FBFF. All we need to poke is the number of pages per bank (PGPBK) and the maximum bank number (MAXBNK). When we're done you'll have 302 pages of graphics in a 512K system!

*** CAUTION :

This customization leaves no room for the SPOOLER or the RAMDISK .

```
LOADM"PCOPYMOR"  
POKE &H6FF5,42 ' PAGES PER BANK  
SAVEM"PCOPYMAX",&H6FF0,&H74FF,&H6FF0
```

3.8 For the USER with 512K

You may have RAMDISK "B" in the upper 192K, the PCOPYMOR patch in the lower 256K, and a 60K SPOOLER in the last bank of 64k ! Use the above examples as a guide.

The PCOPYMOR program should be configured for 3 banks (MAXBNK = 3), no more than 40 pages per bank (PGPBK = 40), and residing at \$F800 (PDEST = &HF8).

The SPOOLER should be configured to use only the last bank of 64K, use addresses \$0000-\$F7FF, and reside at \$FA00.

The RAMDISK should be configured for 512K (MAXBNK = 7), no drive options for RAMDISK "A", and reside at \$FD00.

After you've customized them individually, load them only in the order listed here. I've given these customized files extensions of "/512" .

```
LOADM"BANKDSK/512" ' INSTALL USES ALL 7 BANKS  
EXEC ' THE RAMDISK *DON'T USE "A" *  
LOADM"BANKRSPL/512" ' NOW THE SPOOLER  
EXEC ' THE SPOOLER  
LOADM"PCOPYMOR/512" ' LAST  
EXEC ' THE PCOPYMOR PATCH
```

4.0 PROGRAMMING INFORMATION

The "BANKER" partitions the expansion memory into banks of 64K and pages of 32K. The "BANKER" can be used to obtain banks of 32K from \$B000-\$FEFF (MAP TYPE 0), banks of 64k from \$0000-\$FEFF (MAP TYPE 1), or pages of 32K from \$0000-\$7FFF (PAGE BIT in SAM).

Additionally, the VDG display bank is separately programmable from the CPU memory bank. The CPU memory bank is independently programmable from the VDG display bank. The "BANKER" is programmed by PEEKing(reading) the address corresponding to the bits to be programmed. The "BANKER" overlays the "SAM" addresses which are POKEd (written). This prevents hardware address conflicts with add-ons like WORD-PAK, MULTI-PAK, and RS-232 PAK.

The VDG bank may be switched from BASIC using PEEK commands with no preparation of memory first. The CPU bank, while also switchable by BASIC using PEEK commands, may require preparation of memory by machine language programs prior to issuing the PEEK commands. This is because BASIC expects certain memory locations to have already been prepared for it's use, if you switch banks without preparation, BASIC may (probably will) crash.

Study the bank switching addresses (APPENDIX A), and the BANKCOPY or PAGER source code to understand how to program the "BANKER" for your application.

5.0 ADVANCED USER INFORMATION

This section provides advanced user information to enable you to customize the software for your specific needs. J&R provides these as a courtesy to you, and is not responsible for any erroneous entries or effects thereof. Furthermore, J&R does not guarantee future versions will be mapped identically, although it is the author's intent to maintain them unchanged when possible.

5.1 Common Variables

There are some variables that appear in most of the machine language programs on your SOFTWARE PAC . These are needed to maintain compatibility with memory size options of the "BANKER" and various versions of software and operating systems.

5.1.1 MAXBNK

MAXBNK is a variable used by the software to initialize the program's memory allocation. It is usually set to 3 for 256K systems, and 7 for 512K systems. It may be less, however, to prevent driver installation from over-running banks that it does not use. In a 512k system using 128 pages of graphics and RAMDISK B , for example, the variable MAXBNK in PCOPYMOR should be set to three, and it should be 7 in BANKRDSK.

5.1.2 RESVEC

This is the RESET vector address for the RESET protection routine. Most "BANKER" programs use \$03F0 to store this small amount of code. There are conflicts, however, TELEWRITER-64 uses this area. If this variable is set to \$FFFF, the program's RESET protect routine will be bypassed. You may locate it anywhere within \$0000-\$FEFF (CAREFULLY, usually <\$8000).

5.1.3 PDEST

This is the variable that holds the ultimate execution address of the program after it is moved by the installation program. It should always be >\$8000 for BANKRDSK, BANKRSPL, and PCOPYMOR. For PAGER V2.0 , it should be <\$8000.

The installation program is position independent so that you can move it if it interferes with the PDEST location at which you want the driver to reside.

5.2 Software Variable Locations

The code (U) preceding a variable indicates a variable that it was intended to be user customized. The code (R) denotes a returned variable to be read by the user. Unmarked variables are fixed or calculated by the program.

5.2.1 BANKRDSK Version 2.0 - (the RAMDISK(S))

```

0001 0E00                                ORG $6FF0
0002 6FF0 1600F1          START  LBRA  INSTAL
0003 6FF3 00             (U)  FSTINI FCB $00 FAST INIT FLAG IFNE,FAST
0004 6FF4 00             (U)  AUTOFL FCB $00  AUTO FLAG - IFNE, AUTO ON
0005 6FF5 00             (U)  AUTINI FCB $00 IFNE, AUTO INIT IS ON
0006 6FF6 00             (U)  AUTLDA FCB $FF DRIVE # TO LOAD A FROM
0007 6FF7 00             (U)  AUTLDB FCB $FF DRIVE # TO LOAD B FROM
0008 6FF8 00                                FDB $0000          RSV'D
0008 6FFA 00                                FDB $0000          RSV'D
0010 6FFC 0000                               FDB $0000
0011 6FFE 0000          PADD     FDB $0000
0012 7000 16001A        PGMBEQ  LBRA  RAMDSK
0013 7003 FD00          (U)  PDEST  FDB $FD00 DESTINATION MOVE
0014 7005 03F0          (U)  RESVEC FDB $03F0 RESET VECTOR
0015 7007 00                                BANK   FCB $00
0016 7008 03             (U)  MAXBNK FCB $03   512K=7 256K=3
0017 7009 03             (U)  MAXDRV FCB 03   HIGHEST DRIVE
0018 700A 0000          DSKRET  FDB $0000 DSKCON REHOOK
0019 700C 00                                RDFLG  FCB $00   IFNE, READ DISK
0020 700D 00                                WRFLG  FCB $00   IFNE,WRITE DISK
0021 700E 00                                DKDRV  FCB $00   DISK DRIVE TO LOAD
0022 700F 00             (U)  DRVA   FCB $00   DRIVE A ASSIGNMENT #
0023 7010 22             (U)  MXTKA  FCB 34   MAX TRACK DRIVE A
0024 7011 12                                MXSEA  FCB 18   MAX SECTR DRIVE A
0025 7012 01                                BEGA   FCB 01   START BANK FOR A
0026 7013 03                                ENDA   FCB 03   END   BANK FOR A
0027 7014 FF             (U)  DRVB   FCB $FF   DRIVE B ASSIGNMENT #
0028 7015 22             (U)  MXTKB  FCB 34   MAX TRACK DRIVE B
0029 7016 12                                MXSEB  FCB 18   MAX SECTR DRIVE B
0030 7017 04                                BEGB   FCB 04   START BANK FOR B
0031 7018 07                                ENDB   FCB 07   END   BANK FOR B
0032 0005                                TABSIZ EQU DRVB-DRVA
0033 7019 00                                DRVAFL FCB $00   0=DRVA FF=DRVB
0034 701A 000E1C        BANKTB  FCB 0,14,28   BANK TABLE
0035 7A11                                ZEND   EQU *-1
0036 7A12                                END
    
```

5.2.2 BANKCOPY Version 2.0

```

0001 0E00                                NAM  BANKCOPY
0002 0E00                                ORG  $0E00
0003 0E00 2002          BRA  START
0004 0E02 07             (U)  MAXBNK FCB $07 512K ( 3 FOR 256K VERSIONS )
0041 0E56                                END
    
```

5.2.3 BANKRBAK Version 2.0

```

*****
0001 0E00                                ORG $6FF0
0002 6FF0 160070                          START  LBRA BAK
0003 6FF3 03F0      (U)  RESVEC FDB $03F0 RESET PROTECT
0004 6FF5 00        (U)  FBAK   FCB $00   IFNE, FORMAT+BAK
0005 6FF6 0000                                FDB $0000 RSV'D
0006 6FF8 0000                                FDB $0000 RSV'D
0007 6FFA 0000                                FDB $0000 RSV'D
0008 6FFC 0000                                FDB $0000 RSV'D
0009 6FFE 0000                                FDB $0000 RSV'D
*      ORG $7000
0010 7000 160015                          PGMBEG LBRA RWDSK
0011 7003 FD00      (U)  PDEST  FDB $FD00 DESTINATION MOVE
0012 7005 03        (U)  MAXBNK FCB $03   3=256K 7=512K
0013 7006 22        (U)  MAXTRK FCB 34   MAX TRACKS
0014 7007 12                                MAXSEC FCB 18   MAX SECTOR
0015 7008 00        (U)  LDRIV  FCB $00   LOAD DRIVE (INPUT SOURCE)
0016 7009 FF        (U)  DRIVE0 FCB $FF   IFNE, ON   (OUTPUT DESTN)
0017 700A FF        (U)  DRIVE1 FCB $FF   IFNE, ON   (OUTPUT DESTN)
0018 700B 00        (U)  DRIVE2 FCB $00   IFNE, ON   (OUTPUT DESTN)
0019 700C 00        (U)  DRIVE3 FCB $00   IFNE, ON   (OUTPUT DESTN)
0027 76F5                                ZEND   EQU *-1
0028 76F6                                END

```

5.2.4 BANKTEST Version 2.0

```

*****
0001 0E00                                ORG $7800
0002 7800 160170                          BNKTST LBRA PUTMSG
0003 7803 160046                          PGMBEG LBRA BTL
0004 7806 0200                          VRSN   FDB $0200      VERSION
0005 7808 160015                          LBRA BTH
0006 780B 00        (U)  BANK   FCB $00      BANK TO TEST
0007 780C FF        (R)  NDERR  FCB $FF      IFNE, NO ERROR
0008 780D FFFF      (R)  BAD    FDB $FFFF    BAD ADDRESS
0009 780F 0000                          BEGA   FDB $0000    BEG ADDRESS TO TEST
0010 7811 7FFE                          ENDA   FDB $7FFE    END ADDRESS TO TEST
0011 7813 00        (U)  UPLO   FCB $00      IFEQ, LO ELSE HI 32K
0012 7814 0000      (U)  BEGL   FDB $0000    BEG LOW ADDRESS
0013 7816 7FFE      (U)  ENDL   FDB $7FFE    END LOW
0014 7818 8000      (U)  BEGH   FDB $8000    BEG HIGH
0015 781A FEFE      (U)  ENDH   FDB $FEFE    END HIGH
0016 781C FF        (U)  PATTRN FCB $FF      PATTERN
0017 781D 00        (R)  SAVDAT FCB $00      SAVED ORIGINAL DATA
0018 781E 00        (R)  BDATA  FCB $00      BAD DATA
0019 781F 03        (U)  MAXBNK FCB $03      512K=7 256K=3
0020 7D31                                ZEND   EQU *-1
0021 7D32                                END BNKTST
*****

```

5.2.5 BANKRSPL Version 2.0- (the SPOOLER)

```

0001 0E00                                ORG $6FF0
0002 6FF0 1602DB          START  LBRA INSTAL
0003 6FF3 03F0          (U)  RESVEC FDB $03F0 RESET VECTOR
0004 6FF5 00                                FCB $00
0005 6FF6 0000                                FDB $0000          RSV'D
0006 6FF8 0000                                FDB $0000          RSV'D
0007 6FFA 0000                                FDB $0000          RSV'D
0008 6FFC 0000                                FDB $0000          RSV'D
0009 6FFE 0000                                FDB $0000          RSV'D

*
0010 7000 16004C          *      ORG $7000
0011 7003 1600AF          PGMBEG LBRA INSBUF
0012 7006 FA00          (U)  PDEST  FDB $FA00 DESTINATION MOVE
0013 7008 01          (U)  NUMCPY FCB $01  NUMBER COPIES
0014 7009 03          INSBNK FCB $03  INSERT BANK
0015 700A 7E00          INSADD FDB $7E00 INSERT ADDR
0016 700C 03          XTRBNK FCB $03  EXTRACT BANK
0017 700D 7E00          XTRADD FDB $7E00 EXTRACT ADDR
0018 700F 03          BEGBNK FCB $03  COPY BEGIN BANK
0019 7010 7E00          BEGADD FDB $7E00 COPY BEG ADDR
0020 7012 03          ENDBNK FCB $03  COPY END
0021 7013 7E00          ENDADD FDB $7E00 COPY END ADDR
0022 7015 00          BANK   FCB $00  BANK #
0023 7016 00                                FCB $00  RSV'D
0024 7017 000000          OLDIRG FCB $0,0,0
0025 701A 000000          OLDPHK FCB $0,0,0
0026 701D 03          (U)  MAXBNK FCB $03  MAX BANK
0027 701E 00          SPLOFF FCB $00  IFNE, SPOOL OFF
0028 701F 00          CPYFLG FCB $00  IFNE, COPY ON
0029 7020 00          SILENT FCB $00  IFNE, PRINTER SILENCED
0030 7021 00          (U)  SPEED  FCB $00  SPEED COUNT 0=OFF 255=MAX
0031 7022 00          HKFLAG FCB $00  IFNE, HOOKED
0032 7023 00          EMPTY  FCB $00  IFNE, BUF EMPTY
0034 7024 01          (U)  CTLTAB FCB $01  RESTART CODE
0035 7025 02          (U)          FCB $02  ON CODE
0036 7026 03          (U)          FCB $03  OFF CODE
0037 7027 04          (U)          FCB $04  CANCEL CODE
0038 7028 05          (U)          FCB $05  COPY
0039 7029 06          (U)          FCB $06  SILENT TOGGLE
0040 702A 04          FCB $04  RSV'D
0041 702B 04          FCB $04  RSV'D
0042 702C 00000000 (U)  BUFTAB FDB $0000,$0000 BANK 0 (END, BEG)
0043 7030 00000000 (U)          FDB $0000,$0000 BANK 1
0044 7034 00000000 (U)          FDB $0000,$0000 BANK 2
0045 7038 F7FF7E00 (U)          FDB $F7FF,$7E00 BANK 3
0046 703C 00000000 (U)          FDB $0000,$0000 BANK 4
0047 7040 00000000 (U)          FDB $0000,$0000 BANK 5
0048 7044 00000000 (U)          FDB $0000,$0000 BANK 6
0049 7048 00000000 (U)          FDB $0000,$0000 BANK 7
0050 704C 00          INSPDS FCB $00  INS POSITION
0051 704D 00          XTRPOS FCB $00  XTR POSITION
0052 704E 00          COUNT  FCB $00  SPEED COUNTER
0054 766F          ZEND   END

```

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 5.2.6 PAGER Version 2.0

*THIS IS TEMPORARY CODE FOR INITIALIZATION

```

0001 0E00                                ORG $0E00
0002 0E00 2005                          START BRA START1      SKIP TABLES
0003 7800                                DESTIN EQU $7800      WHERE PAGER RESIDES
0004 0E02 7800 (U) PDEST FDB DESTIN      PROGRAM DESTINATION
* MAPTYF IS FOR FUTURE VERSION
0005 0E04 00 (U) MAPTYF FCB $00          IFNE, PAGES ARE 64K,
*                                          ELSE 32K
* OFFSET IS CALC'D BY THE INSTALL ROUTINE
0006 0E05 0000                          OFFSET FDB $0000 OFFSET FROM HERE TO DEST
    
```

* ORG [PDEST,PCR]
 *THIS IS THE PERMANENT CODE THAT MUST REMAIN FOR THE PAGE COMMAND

```

0007 1245 200F                          FNDCMD BRA BB1
*
0008 1245                                CODE EQU FNDCMD      START OF CODE
TRANSFER
0009 1247 03 (U) MAXBNK FCB $03          256K=3, 512K=7
0010 1248 07                            MAXPAG FCB $07      INSTALL CALCS THIS
0011 1249 04                            PAGMSK FCB $04      " "
0012 124A 00                            PAGE FCB $00
0013 124B 00 (R) PAGID FCB $00
0014 124C 00                            NEWCMD FCB $00      NEW CMD TOKEN VALUE
0015 124D 0000                          NCMADD FDB $0000    NEW TOKEN TABLE ADDR
0016 124F 00                            LASTCM FCB $00      LAST CMD TOKEN VALUE
0017 1250 00                            NEWFUN FCB $00      NEW FUN TOKEN VALUE
0018 1251 0000                          NFNADD FDB $0000    NEW TOKEN TABLE ADDR
0019 1253 00                            LASTFN FCB $00      LAST FUN TOKEN VALUE
0020 1254 0000                          RETSTK FDB $0000
0021 13AF                                ZEND EQU *-1
0022 0166                                ZSIZ EQU CODFIN-CODE SIZE OF ACTUAL PAGER
0023 13B0                                END
    
```

5.2.7 PCOPYMDR Version 2.0

```

0001 0E00                                ORG $6FF0
0002 6FF0 160105                          LBRA INSTAL
0003 6FF3 03F0      (U)  RESVEC FDB $03F0          RESET VECTOR
0004 6FF5 2B        (U)  PGPBANK FCB 40           PAGES PER BANK
0005 6FF6 00                                FCB $00           RSV'D
0006 6FF7 00                                FCB $00           RSV'D
0007 6FF8 0000                               FDB $0000        RSV'D
0008 6FFA 0000                               FDB $0000        RSV'D
0009 6FFC 0000                               FDB $0000        RSV'D
0010 6FFE 0000                               FDB $0000        RSV'D
*
                                ORG $7000
0011 7000 160016                          PGMBEGB LBRA PCOPY
0012 7003 FB00      (U)  PDEST  FDB $FB00          DESTINATION MOVE
0013 7005 00                                BANK  FCB $00     FOR MOVUP
0014 7006 03        (U)  MAXBNK FCB $03           256K=3 512K=7
0015 7007 0000                          MAXPAG FDB $0000  MAX PAGE#
0016 7009 00                                SRCBANK FCB $00
0017 700A 0000                          SRCLAT FDB $0000
0018 700C 0000                          SRCBEG FDB $0000
0019 700E 0000                          SRCEND FDB $0000
0020 7010 00                                DSTBNK FCB $00
0021 7011 0000                          DSTLAT FDB $0000
0022 7013 0000                          DSTBEG FDB $0000
0023 7015 0000                          DSTEND FDB $0000
0024 7017 0000                          RETLAT FDB $0000
0025 7485 454E44                          FCC 'END
0026 00F6                                ZSIZ  EQU PGMEND-PGMBEGB
0027 7487                                ZEND  EQU *-1
0028 7488                                END
    
```

APPENDIX A : BANK SWITCH ADDRESSES

```

*****
* PEEK ADDRESS      CPU BANK SELECTED      COMMENTS
*****
* &HFFC0           <0 & >0                256k & 512k versions
* &HFFC1           <1 & >1                256k & 512k versions
* &HFFC2           <2 & >2                256k & 512k versions
* &HFFC3           <3 & >3                256k & 512k versions
* &HFFC4           <4 & >4                512k versions
* &HFFC5           <5 & >5                512k versions
* &HFFC6           <6 & >6                512k versions
* &HFFC7           <7 & >7                512k versions
* &HFFC8           <0 & >0                256k & 512k versions
* &HFFC9           <0 & >1                256k & 512k versions
* &HFFCA           <0 & >2                256k & 512k versions
* &HFFCB           <0 & >3                256k & 512k versions
* &HFFCC           <0 & >4                512k versions
* &HFFCD           <0 & >5                512k versions
* &HFFCE           <0 & >6                512k versions
* &HFFCF           <0 & >7                512k versions
*****
PEEK ADDRESS      VDG BANK SELECTED      COMMENTS
*****
* &HFFD0           #0                    256k & 512k versions
* &HFFD1           #1                    256k & 512k versions
* &HFFD2           #2                    256k & 512k versions
* &HFFD3           #3                    256k & 512k versions
* &HFFD4           #4                    512k versions
* &HFFD5           #5                    512k versions
* &HFFD6           #6                    512k versions
* &HFFD7           #7                    512k versions
* &HFFD8           Reserved for future expansion
* &HFFD9           Reserved for future expansion
* &HFFDA           Reserved for future expansion
* &HFFDB           Reserved for future expansion
* &HFFDC           Reserved for future expansion
* &HFFDD           Reserved for future expansion
* &HFFDE           Reserved for future expansion
* &HFFDF           Reserved for future expansion
*****

```

APPENDIX B : BANKER SOFTWARE MEMORY MAP

```

*****
* SYSTEM SOFTWARE AND HARDWARE ( RADIO SHACK OPERATING SYSTEM )
*****
BANK 0 - MAXBNK $FB00-$FEFF      Utility/permanent program storage
                $FFC0-$FFDF      PEEK programming addresses
*****
* BANKRDSK & BANKERBAK
*****
BANK 0          $6FF0-$7FFF      Initial load and preparation
*****
*          RAMDISK A :
*****
BANK 0-3       $FD00-$FEFF      Permanent usage in BANKS 0-3
BANK 1         $0000-$FBFF      Tracks 0-13
BANK 2         $0000-$FBFF      14-27
BANK 3         $0000-$7DFF ($D7FF) 28-34 (39)
*****
*          RAMDISK B : ( 512k versions only )
*****
BANK 0,4-7     $FD00-$FEFF      Permanent usage in BANKS 0,4-7
BANK 4         $0000-$FBFF      Tracks 0-13
BANK 5         $0000-$FBFF      14-27
BANK 6         $0000-$7DFF ($D7FF) 28-34 (39)
BANK 7         --- NOT USED ---
*****
* BANKTEST
*****
BANK 0         $7B00-$7DFF      Initial load and preparation
BANK 0 - MAXBNK $FB00-$F9FF      Transfers to test lower 32K
*****
* PCOPYMOR
*****
BANK 0         $6FF0-$7DFF      Initial load and preparation
BANK 0 - MAXBNK $FB00-$FBFF      Permanent usage in BANKS 0-3(7)
BANK 1         $0000-$EFFF      PAGES 9-48
BANK 2         $0000-$EFFF      49-88
BANK 3         $0000-$EFFF      89-128
BANK 4         $0000-$F7FF      CUSTOMIZING OPTION ( 512k only )
BANK 5         $0000-$F7FF      " " " "
BANK 6         $0000-$F7FF      " " " "
BANK 7         $0000-$F7FF      " " " "
*****
* BANKSPL
*****
BANK 0         $6FF0-$7DFF      Initial load and preparation
BANK 0         $FA00-$FCFF      Permanent usage in BANK 0
BANK 3         $7E00-$F7FF      "STOCK" 35 track RAM DISK
                compatible configuration
BANK 4         $0000-$F7FF      CUSTOMIZING OPTION ( 512k only )
BANK 5         $0000-$F7FF      " " " "
BANK 6         $0000-$F7FF      " " " "
BANK 7         $0000-$F7FF      " " " "
*****

```

APPENDIX C : WARRANTY

WARRANTY

All products assembled and tested by J & R Electronics are warranted for a period of 90 days against defects not caused by user negligence, misuse or abuse. The aforesaid defects will be repaired free of charge, provided the product is returned, postpaid to J & R Electronics within the warranty period. J & R Electronics reserves the right to determine which repairs are unwarranted when user negligence, abuse, misuse or shipping damages are in question. This warranty is limited to the repair or replacement of defective parts. All software supplied by J & R Electronics are believed to be accurate as of the date of publication and are without warranty.

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